

Śrī Gadādharaṣṭaka

Eight Prayers Glorifying Gadādhara Prabhu

Text 1

*sva-bhakti-yoga-lasinām sadā vraje vihāriṇam
hari-priyā-gaṇāgragam śacīsuta-priyeśvaram
sarādha-kṛṣṇa-sevana-prakāśakam mahāśayam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

sva—own; *bhakti-yoga*—devotional service; *lasinam*—splendid; *sadā*—constantly; *vraje*—in Vraja; *vihāriṇam*—performing pastimes; *hari-priyā*—of the gopīs who are very dear to Lord Hari; *gaṇa*—of the community; *agra-gam*—the most important; *sācī-suta*—Lord Caitanya, the Son of Sācī-devī; *priya*—dear; *īśvaram*—Lord; *sa-rādha*—accompanied by Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī; *kṛṣṇa*—of Lord Kṛṣṇa; *sevana*—the devotional service; *prakāśakam*—manifesting; *mahāśayam*—exalted personality; *bhajāmi*—worship; *aham*—I; *gadādharam*—Gadādhara; *su*—very; *paṇḍitam*—learned; *gurum*—spiritual master; *prabhum*—lord.

I worship the greatly learned and exalted spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu, who appears very splendid, engaged in the Lord's devotional service. He always performs pastimes in Vraja, where he is very prominent among the gopīs, who are very dear to Lord Hari. Lord Caitanya, the Son of Sācī is the dear Lord of Gadādhara Prabhu, who is preaching the service of Rādhā and Kṛṣṇa.

Text 2

*navojjvalādi- bhāvanā-vidhāna-karma-pāragam
vicitra-gaura-bhakti-sindhu-raṅga-bhaṅga-lāsinam
surāga-mārga-darsakam vrajādi-vāsa-dāyakam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

nava—nine; *ujjala*—the rasa of conjugal love; *ādi-etc*; *bhāvanā*—of meditation; *viddhāna*—performance; *karma*—activities; *pāragam*—very expert; *vicitra*—amazing; *gaura*—of Lord Caitanya; *bhakti*—of devotional service; *sindhu*—ocean; *raṅga*—in the arena; *bhaṅga*—in the waves; *lāsinam*—dancing; *surāga*—of spontaneous devotional service (*rāgānuga-bhakti*); *mārga*—of the path; *darsakam*—preaching; *vraja*—of Vraja; *adi*—beginning; *vāsa*—residence; *dāyakam*—giving.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, GadādharaPrabhu. He is expertly absorbed in meditation on the nine rasas of devotional service, beginning with *ujjala-rasa* (conjugallove), and he dances in the waves of the amazing ocean ofdevotional service to Lord Caitanya. He preaches the path of*rāganuga-bhakti* (spontaneous devotional service), and He is a fit person to attain residence in the transcendental land ofVraja.

Text 3

*sācīsutāṅghri-sara-bhakta-vṛnda-vandya-gauravam
gaura-bhāva-citta-padma-madhya-kṛṣṇa-vallabham
mukunda-gaura-rūpiṇam svabhāva-dharma-dāyakam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

sācī-suta—of Lord Caitanya, the son of *Sācī-devī*; *sara*—best; *bhakta*—of the devotees; *vṛnda*—of the community;*vandya*—worshippable; *gauravam*—importance; *gaura*—of LordCaitanya; *bhāva*—nature; *citta*—of the mind; *padma*—on thelotus flower; *madhya*—in the middle; *kṛṣṇa*—to *kṛṣṇa*; *vallabham*—very dear; *mukunda*—Lord Mukunda; *gaura*—golden; *rūpiṇam*—possessing a form; *svabhāva-dharma*—own nature; *dāyakam*—giving.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, GadādharaPrabhu. The best of those who are devoted to the lotus feet ofLord Caitanya, the Son of *Sācī-devī*, offer respectful obeisances to him and treat him with great importance, and he is very dear to Lord *Kṛṣṇa*, Who is seated in the middle of the lotus flower which is his heart, assuming His golden form ofCaitanya Mahāprabhu. He preaches that Lord Mukunda has assumed the golden form of Lord Caitanya, and he returns the living entities to their constitutional position as servants of the Lord.

Text 4

*nikuñja-sevanādika-prakāsānaika-kāraṇam
sadā sakhī-rati-pradam mahā-rasa-svarūpakam
sadāśritāṅghri-pankajam sārīri-sad-gurum varam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

nikuñja—in the groves of *Vṛndāvana*; *sevana*—devotionalservice; *adika*—at the beginning; *prakāsāna*—manifestation;*eka*—only; *kāraṇam*—cause; *sadā*—always; *sakhī*—of the gopis; *rati*—ecstatic love; *pradam*—giving; *mahā*—great; *rasa*—of the nectarean mellows of devotional service; *svarūpakam*—the personification; *sat*—eternal; *āsrita*—sheltered; *aṅghri*—feet; *pankajam*—lotus flower; *sārīri*—of the

living entities; *sat*—transcendental; *gurum*—spiritual master; *varam*—elevated.

I worship the greatly learned and exalted spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu. It is only because of him that the truth of the exalted devotional service performed by the intimate associates of Kṛṣṇa in the forests and groves of Vṛndāvana has been revealed. He is preaching the ecstatic love attained by the gopies, and he is indeed a personification of the mellows of devotional service. The saintly devotees take shelter of his lotus feet, and he teaches the truth of spiritual life to the living entities.

Text 5

*mahāprabhor mahā-rasa-prakāsānāṅkuram priyam
sadā mahā-rasāṅkura-prakāśanādi-vāsanam
mahāprabhor vrajāṅganādi-bhāva-moda-kārakam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

mahāprabhoh—of Lord Caitanya Mahāprabhu; *mahā*—exalted; *rasa*—mellows of devotional service; *prakāsāna*—of the manifestation; *āṅkuram*—a sprout; *priyam*—dear; *sadā*—continually; *mahā*—of exalted; *rasa*—mellows of devotional service; *āṅkura*—of the water; *prakāsāna*—manifestation; *adi*—prominent; *vāsanam*—garments; *mahāprabhoh*—of Lord Caitanya Mahāprabhu; *vraja*—of Vraja; *āṅgana*—of the gopies; *adi*—original; *bhāva*—ecstatic love; *moda*—delight; *kārakam*—causing.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu. He is very dear to Lord Caitanya Mahāprabhu, and it is as if he had sprouted from the manifestation of the Lord's ecstatic love. He is always adorned with the garments of ecstatic love of Godhead, and He delights Lord Caitanya Mahāprabhu by arousing in the Lord the ecstatic emotional love experienced by the gopies of Vraja.

Text 6

*dvijendra-vṛnda-vandya-pāda-yugma-bhakti-vardhakam
nijeśu rādhikātmata-vapuḥ-prakāśanāgraham
aśeṣa-bhakti-śāstra-śikṣayojjvalāmṛta-prabam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supaṇḍitam gurum prabhum*

dvija—of the brahmanas; *indra*—of the kings; *vṛnda*—by the multitudes; *vandya*—worshippable; *pāda*—feet; *yugma*—pair; *bhakti*—devotional service; *vardhakam*—increasing; *nijeśu*—among his own associates; *rādhikā*—of śrīmatī Rādhārānī; *atma*—of the self; *vapuḥ*—of the form; *prakāśanan*—manifestation;

agraham—taking; *as/eśa*—all; *bhakti*—describing devotional service to Lord Kṛṣṇa; *sāstra*—of the scriptures; *śikṣayā*—by the instructions; *ujjala*—of the mellow of conjugal love; *amṛta*—the nectar; *pradam*—giving.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu, who expands the mellows of devotional service and whose lotus feet are worshipped by the kings of the brāhmanas. Among his confidential associates, he reveals his actual form as Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī. He distributes the nectar of the ecstatic mellow of the gopis conjugal love, strictly following the instructions of all the devotional scriptures.

Text 7

*mudā nija-priyādika-svapāda-padma-sīndhubhir
mahā-rasārṇavāmṛta-pradeṣṭa-gaura-bhaktidam
sadāṣṭa-sattvikānvitam nijeṣṭa-bhakti-dāyakam
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supanditam gurum prabhum*

mudā—with delight; *nija*—own; *priya*—beloved gopī (Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī); *adika*—beginning with; *sva*—own; *pāda*—of the feet; *padma*—lotus; *sīndhubhiḥ*—with the nectar; *mahā*—exalted; *rasa*—mellow of devotional service; *arṇava*—of the ocean; *amṛta*—nectar; *pradeṣṭa*—shown; *gaura*—to Lord Caitanya; *bhakti*—devotional service; *dam*—giving; *sat*—transcendental; *aṣṭa-eight*; *sattvika-sattvika*—ecstasies; *anvitam*—endowed with; *nija*—own; *iṣṭa*—worshippable Lord; *bhakti*—devotional service; *dāyakam*—giving.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu. With delight he is giving the devotional service of Lord Caitanya which reveals the nectarean ocean of the most exalted mellows of devotional service, along with the nectar flowing from the lotus feet of the gopis, headed by Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, who is most dear to Kṛṣṇa. Gadādhara Prabhu is decorated with the eight transcendental ecstatic symptoms of *sattvika-bhāva*, and he is distributing devotional service to his worshippable Lord Kṛṣṇa.

Text 8

*yadīya-rīti-rāga-raṅga-bhaṅga-digdha-mānaso
naro `api yati tūrṇam eva nārya-bhāva-bhājanam
tam ujjalākta-cittam etu citta-matta-śatpado
bhajāmy aham gadādharam supanditam guram prabhum*

yadīya—related to whom; *rīti*—method; *rāga*—spontaneous devotional service (*rāganuga-bhakti*); *raṅga*—with the color; *bhaṅga*—by the waves; *dīgdha*—

anointed; *mānasah*—mind; *narah*—conditioned soul; *api*—even; *yati*—goes; *tūrṇam*—quickly; *eva*—indeed; *nārya-bhāva*—the most exalted stage of love of God; *bhajanam*—a fit person; *tam*—that; *ujjala*—with the mellow of conjugal love; *akta*—anointed; *cittam*—mind; *etu*—may go; *citta*—the mind; *matta*—maddened; *śatpadaḥ*—bumble-bee.

I worship the greatly learned spiritual master, Gadādhara Prabhu. Even a conditioned soul, whose mind becomes anointed by the colorful waves of spontaneous devotional service as delineated by Gadādhara Prabhu, quickly attains the highest level of devotional service. He becomes like a maddened bumble-bee whose mind is anointed with the mellow of *ujjala-rasa* (conjugal love).

Text 9

*mahā-rasāmṛta-pradam sadā gadādharaṣṭakam
paṭhet tu yaḥ subhaktito vrajāṅgaṇa-gaṇotsavam
sācī-tanuja-pāda-padma-bhakti-ratna-yogyatām
labheta rādhikā-gadādharaṅghri-padma-sevayā*

mahā—great; *rasa*—of the mellows of devotional service; *amṛta*—the nectar; *pradam*—giving; *sadā*—regularly; *gadādhara*—glorifying Gadādhara Prabhu; *aṣṭakam*—eight verses; *paṭhet*—may read; *tu*—indeed; *yaḥ*—who; *subhaktitaḥ*—with great devotion; *vraja*—of Vraja; *aṅganā*—of the gopies; *gaṇa*—of the multitude; *utsavam*—festival; *sācī-tanuja-of Lord Caitanya*—the Son of Sācī-devī; *pada*—for the feet; *padma*—lotus; *bhakti*—of devotional service; *ratna*—jewels; *yogyatām*—appropriateness; *labheta*—may he attain; *rādhikā*—Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī; *gadādhara Prabhu*; *anḅhri*—feet; *padma*—lotus; *sevayā*—by the service.

These eight verses glorifying Gadādhara Prabhu distribute the nectar of the most exalted mellow of devotional service, and they are like a festival for the gopis of Vraja. If one regularly reads these verses and serves the lotus feet of Gadādhara Prabhu, who is an incarnation of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, then he will become qualified to attain the jewel of pure devotional service for the lotus feet of Lord Caitanya, the son of Sācī-devī.